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	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
	10/724,913 \	12/01/2003	Takayuki Kinoshita	JP920020209US1	3308
		7590 11/30/200° & GIULIANI LLP		EXAMINER	
	PO BOX 61389			DANG, HUNG Q	
	HOUSTON, 12	OUSTON, TX 77208-1389		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2621	
					/
				NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
				11/30/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
·		10/724,913	KINOSHITA ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Hung Q. Dang	2621				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address				
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANS IN THE MAIL	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may vill apply and will expire SIX (6) M , cause the application to become	NICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 N</u>	<u>ovember 2007</u> .					
/) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.						
3)[_]	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4) 🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>6-8 and 15-17</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		•				
	Claim(s) <u>6-8 and 15-17</u> is/are rejected.						
	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[_]	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)🛛	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>01 December 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:							
1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	rity documents have bee	en received in this National Stage				
	application from the International Bureau	ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* (See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies n	ot received.				
Attachmer							
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		v Summary (PTO-413) lo(s)/Mail Date				
3) 🛛 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date 12/01/2003.		f Informal Patent Application				

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 11/02/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

At pages 5-6, Applicant argues Bohrer is indifferent to chronological sequence of data blocks. In response, the Examiner respectfully disagrees. In [0035] with reference to Fig. 3, Bohrer recites an access order which starts from data block A, then data block X, then data block B. Note that the accesses are not performed in parallel but sequentially. Specifically, data block X is accessed before data block B got accessed because data block B is not needed until access to data block X is completed; thus, saving time to travel the heads around.

At page 6, Applicant argues Bohrer are silent regarding data blocks that are before the current data block. In response, the Examiner respectfully disagrees. Again, as described above, Bohrer describes an access order starting from data block A, then data block X, then data block B. Assume the current time to be the time when data block X is being accessed. At this time the data block X is the current data block while data block A is sequentially before the current data block X and data block B is sequentially after the current data block X.

For that reasons, the claims stand rejected as previously presented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 6-7, 15, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Noda et al. (US Patent 7,003,711) and Bohrer et al. (US 2003/0004948).

Regarding claim 6, Noda et al. disclose a content reproducing apparatus for reading and reproducing a digital content that requires sequential reproduction (Fig. 6; column 4, lines 29-31; column 11, lines 42-50) and is recorded in a disk-shaped recording medium (Fig. 1; Fig. 4), comprising: head position estimating means for estimating a present position of a head with respect to the recording medium for reading the digital content (column 11, lines 52-54); data position calculating means for calculating a position of a data block for a digital content to be read next, and positions of other data blocks existing near the data block (column 11, lines 52-54; column 12, lines 22-37); and moving destination determining means for determining a data block at which the time required to move the head is the shortest, as a data block to be read next, based on the present position of the head, which has been estimated by the head position estimating means, and the positions of the respective data blocks, which have been calculated by the data position calculating means (column 11, lines 52-58).

However, Noda et al. do not disclose the disk-shaped recording medium in a hard disk drive; sequential reading of data block; data position calculating means for calculating a position of a data block for a digital content to be read next in sequence,

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and positions of other data blocks existing sequentially before and sequentially after the data block; and sequential positions of the respective data blocks.

Bohrer et al. disclose a disk-shaped recording medium in a hard disk drive ([0032]); sequential reading of data block ([0035]; Fig. 3; also see "Response to Arguments" above); data position calculating means for calculating a position of a data block for a digital content to be read next in sequence, and positions of other data blocks existing sequentially before and sequentially after the data block (Fig.3; [0035]; also see "Response to Arguments" above); and sequential positions of the respective data blocks (Fig.3; [0035]; also see "Response to Arguments" above).

One of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to incorporate the hard disk drive and the data position calculating means disclosed by Bohrer et al. into the apparatus disclosed by Noda et al. because, according to Bohrer et al., the incorporated feature would help in minimizing disk head movement and heat dissipation and conserve energy ([0035]) and also, the hard disk drive can provide large capacity of storage with small access time.

Regarding claim 7, Noda et al. also disclose the moving destination determining means determines, based on a rotation latency necessary for the head to move on a track having predetermined data existing thereon and then for the recording medium to rotate to thereby cause the data to reach the position of the head, a time required to move the head to the position of the corresponding data block (column 9, lines 40-45; column 11, lines 55-58).

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Regarding claim 15, Noda et al. disclose a method of controlling a content reproducing apparatus for reading and reproducing a digital video content (column 5, lines 39-45; Fig. 6; column 4, lines 29-31; column 11, lines 42-50) recorded in a disk-shaped recoding medium (Fig. 1; Fig. 4), comprising: estimating the present position with respect to the recording medium, of a head for reading the digital video content (column 5, lines 39-4; column 11, lines 52-54); calculating a position of a data block for the digital video content to be read next, and positions of other data blocks existing near the data block (column 5, lines 39-4; column 11, lines 52-54; column 12, lines 22-37); calculating a time required to move the head, based on the estimated present position of head and the positions of the respective data blocks (column 11, lines 52-58; column 9, lines 40-45).

However, Noda et al. do not disclose the disk-shaped recording medium in a hard disk drive; calculating a position of a data block for the digital content to be read next, and positions of other data blocks existing before and after the data block and reading a data block at which the calculated time required to move the head is the shortest.

Bohrer et al. disclose the disk-shaped recording medium in a hard disk drive ([0032]); calculating a position of a data block for the digital content to be read next, and positions of other data blocks existing before and after the data block ([0035]) and reading a data block at which the calculated time required to move the head is the shortest ([0034]).

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One of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to incorporate the steps of calculating the positions of data and reading a data block at which the calculated time required to move the head is the shortest and the hard disk drive disclosed by Bohrer et al. into the method disclosed by Noda et al. because, according to Noda et al., the incorporated feature would help in minimizing disk head movement and heat dissipation and conserve energy ([0035]) and a hard disk drive also can provide large capacity of storage with small access time.

Claim 17 is rejected for the same reason as discussed in claims 6 and 15 above.

Claims 8 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Noda et al. (US Patent 7,003,711) and Bohrer et al. (US 2003/0004948) as applied to claims 6-7, 15, and 17 above, and further in view of Dobbek et al. (US Patent 6,219,198).

Regarding claim 8, see the teachings of Noda et al. and Bohrer et al. as discussed in claim 6 above. However, the proposed combination of Noda et al. and Bohrer et al. does not disclose the head position estimating means measures a time taken to execute a command for reading the data block and reflects the result of measurement on estimation of the positions of the magnetic head.

Dobbek et al. disclose a head position estimating means measures a time taken to execute a command for reading the data block and reflects the result of measurement on estimation of the positions of the magnetic head (column 11, lines 34-43).

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One of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to incorporate the head position estimating means disclosed by Dobbek et al. into the apparatus disclosed by Noda et al. and Bohrer et al. because, according to Dobbek et al., it would improve accuracy (column 3, lines 5-8).

Claim 16 is rejected for the same reason as discussed in claim 8 above.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hung Q. Dang whose telephone number is 571-270-1116. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th:7:30-6:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thai Tran can be reached on 571-272-7382. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Hung Dang Patent Examiner

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